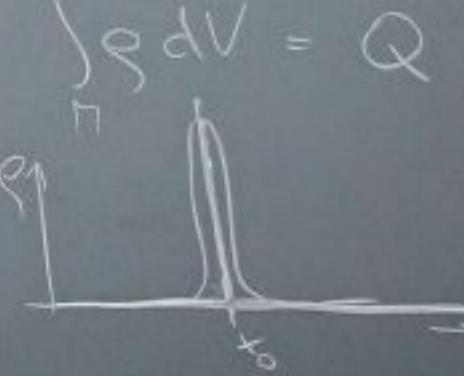


Distribuce (zobecněná funkce)

$$x_0 \in Q$$

$$x \neq x_0, \delta(x) = 0$$

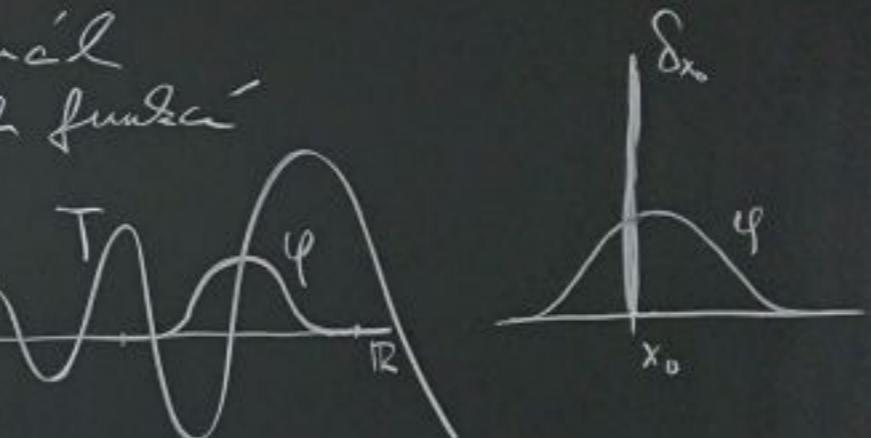


Def. spojité lineární funkcionál
na prostoru testovacích funkcí

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$T[\varphi] = T[\varphi + \underset{\mathbb{R}}{\uparrow} \psi] = T[\varphi] + \underset{\mathbb{R}}{\uparrow} T[\psi]$$

$$\varphi_n \rightarrow \varphi$$



$$\delta_{x_0}(x)$$

$$\delta_{x_0}$$

$$\langle \delta_{x_0}, \varphi \rangle = \varphi(x_0)$$

$$\int \delta_{x_0}(x) \varphi(x) dx = \varphi(x_0) \underbrace{\int \delta_{x_0}(x) \frac{\varphi(x)}{\varphi(x_0)} dx}_{=1}$$

\mathcal{D} prostor test funkcí

- hladké funkce s kompaktním nosičem

$$\varphi_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \varphi$$

\exists komp. K f. m. $\text{supp } \varphi_n \subset K$

$$\varphi_n^{[1]} \xrightarrow{K} \varphi^{[2]}$$

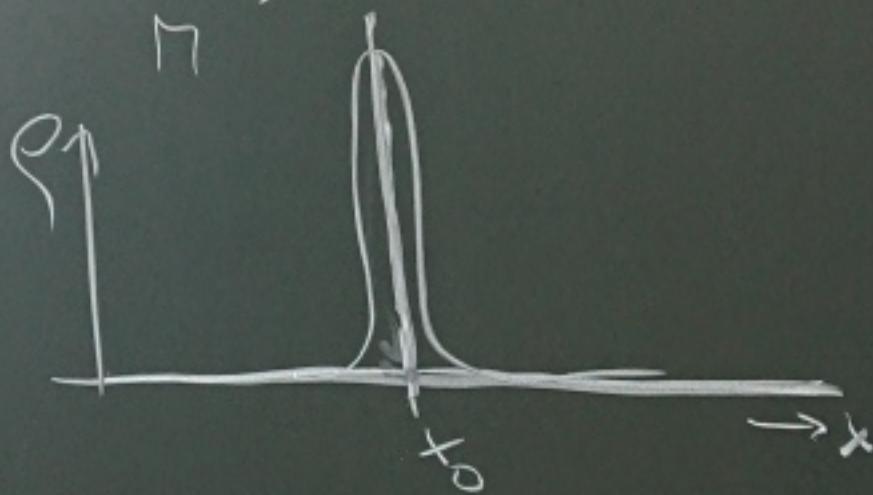
\mathcal{D}' prostor distribucí
 $\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}'$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle \quad T \not\in \mathcal{D}$$

$$x_0 \cdot Q$$

$$x \neq x_0 \quad g(x) = 0$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} g dV = Q$$

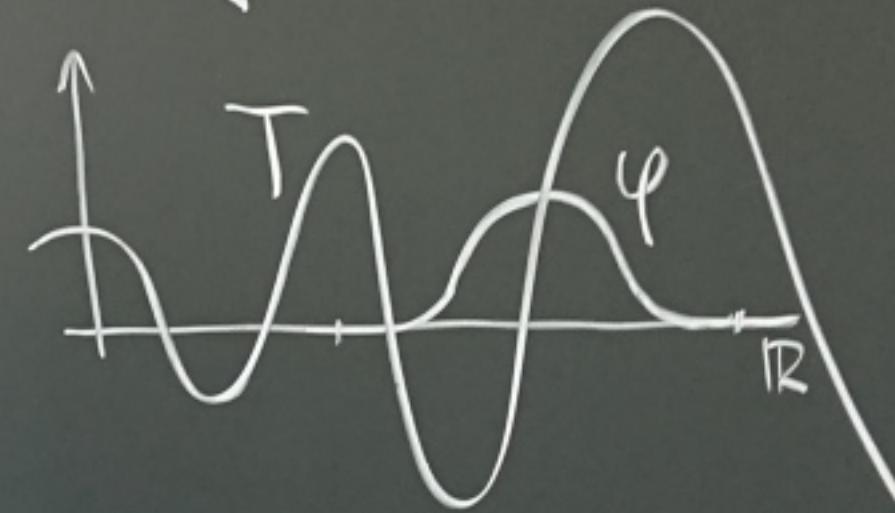


Distribuce (zobecněná funkce)

Def.: spojitý lineární funkcionál
na prostoru testovacích funkcí

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

||
T[φ]



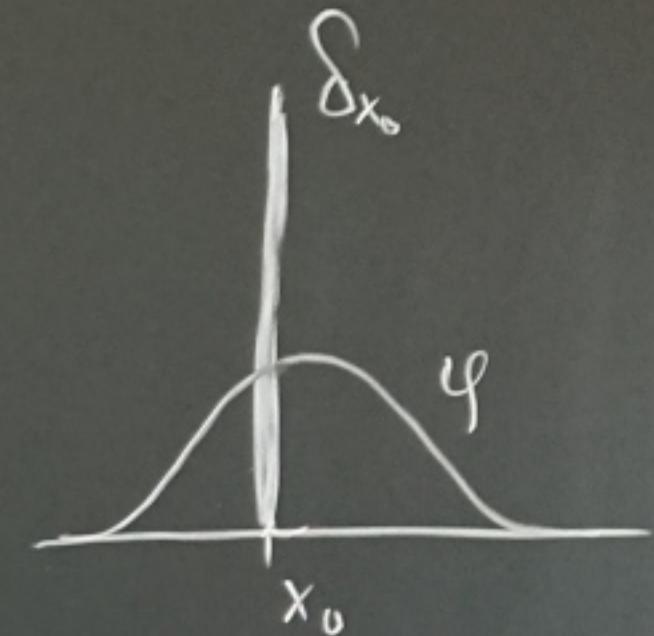
$$T[\varphi + \sum_{i=1}^n \varphi_i] = T[\varphi] + \sum_{i=1}^n T[\varphi_i]$$

↑
R

$$\varphi_n \rightarrow \varphi$$

T[φ_n] → T[φ]

$$\delta_{x_0}(x)$$



$$\langle \delta_{x_0}, \varphi \rangle = \varphi(x_0)$$

$$\int \delta_{x_0}(x) \varphi(x) dx = \varphi(x_0) \underbrace{\int \delta_{x_0}(x) \frac{\varphi(x)}{\varphi(x_0)} dx}_{1}$$

\mathcal{D}

postor test für

- Haddré für s. Zang. nösicē

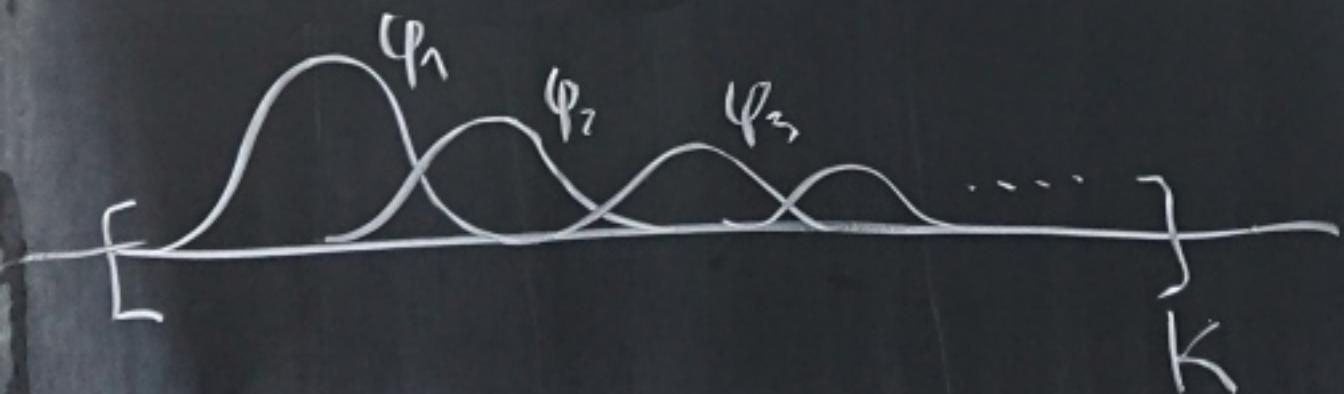
$$\varphi_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \varphi$$

\exists Reg. K $\nexists m \text{ supp } \varphi_m \subset K$

$$\varphi_n^{[2]} \xrightarrow{K} \varphi^{[2]}$$

\mathcal{D}' postor distribuer

$$\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}'$$



\mathcal{D} poster test für

- Maße für Samp messen

$$\varphi_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \varphi$$

\exists komp. K $\forall n \text{ supp } \varphi_n \subset K$

$$\varphi_n^{[z]} \xrightarrow{K} \varphi^{[z]}$$

\mathcal{D}' poster distribuen

$$\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}'$$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle \quad \cancel{\text{X}}$$

Distribuce a operace na nich

\mathcal{D}' topol. dual \mathbb{R} \mathcal{D}

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = " \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx "$$

$$T_1 + T_2 \quad \langle T_1 + T_2, \varphi \rangle = \langle T_1, \varphi \rangle + \langle T_2, \varphi \rangle$$

$$rT \quad \langle rT, \varphi \rangle = r \langle T, \varphi \rangle$$

$$fT \quad \langle fT, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, f\varphi \rangle$$

Wektorielle $\int \int T \varphi dx = \int T(f\varphi) dx$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} T' \varphi dx = \cancel{\int_{\mathbb{R}} (T\varphi)' dx} - \int_{\mathbb{R}} T \varphi' dx \quad \Theta(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$[T\varphi]_{-\infty}^{+\infty}$$

$$\langle \Theta, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \Theta(x) \varphi(x) dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^+} \varphi(x) dx$$

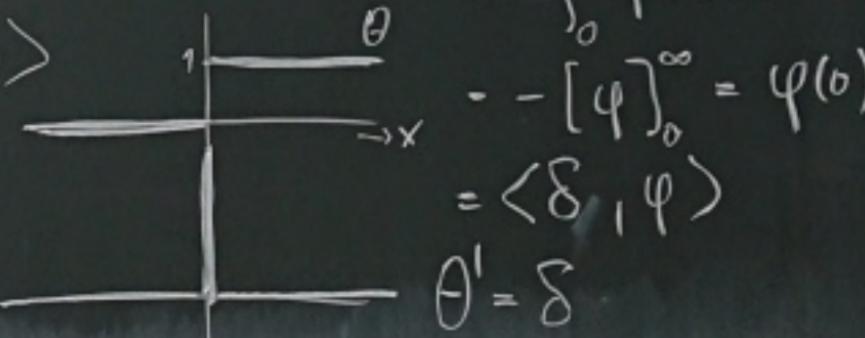
$$\langle T', \varphi \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} -\langle T, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$\langle (\underline{fT})', \varphi \rangle = -\langle fT, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$= -\langle T, f\varphi' \rangle = -\langle T, (f\varphi)' \rangle + \langle T, f'\varphi \rangle$$

$$= \langle T', f\varphi \rangle + \langle f'T, \varphi \rangle$$

$$= \langle \underline{fT'} + \underline{f'T}, \varphi \rangle$$



$$\langle \Theta', \varphi \rangle = -\langle \Theta, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$= -\int_0^\infty \varphi'(x) dx =$$

$$- [\varphi]_0^\infty = \varphi(0)$$

$$= \langle \delta, \varphi \rangle$$

\mathcal{D} postor test funk

- hladke funkce s koncami

$$\varphi \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \varphi$$

$$\exists \text{konj. } K \quad \forall n \quad \text{supp } \varphi_n \subset K$$

$$\varphi_n^{(k)} \xrightarrow{k} \varphi^{(k)}$$

\mathcal{D}' postor distribuer

$$\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}'$$

Distribuce a operace na nich

\mathcal{D}' topol. dual k \mathcal{D}

$$\langle T_1 \varphi \rangle = \left\langle \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx \right\rangle$$

$$T_1 + T_2 \quad \langle T_1 + T_2, \varphi \rangle = \langle T_1, \varphi \rangle + \langle T_2, \varphi \rangle$$

$$rT \quad \langle rT, \varphi \rangle = r \langle T, \varphi \rangle$$

$$\int T \quad \langle fT, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, f\varphi \rangle$$

Matematicky $\int \int T \varphi dx = \int T(f\varphi) dx$

$$\int_R T^1 \varphi dx = \int_R (T\varphi)' dx - \int_R T\varphi' dx$$

0 $\left[T\varphi \right]_{-\infty}^{+\infty}$

$$\langle T^1, \varphi \rangle \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} - \langle T_1, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$\langle \underline{(FT)}', \varphi \rangle = - \langle FT_1, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$= - \langle T_1, f\varphi' \rangle = - \langle T_1, (f\varphi)' \rangle + \langle T_1, f'\varphi \rangle$$

$$= \langle T^1, f\varphi \rangle + \langle f'T_1, \varphi \rangle$$

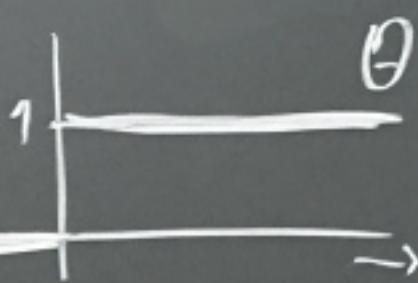
$$= \underline{\langle FT^1 + f'T_1, \varphi \rangle}$$

$$\Theta(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ 0 & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\langle \Theta, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \Theta(x) \varphi(x) dx = \\ = \int_{\mathbb{R}^+} \varphi(x) dx$$

$$\langle \Theta', \varphi \rangle = - \langle \Theta, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$= - \int_0^\infty \varphi'(x) dx =$$



$$- [\varphi]_0^\infty = \varphi(0)$$

$$= \langle \delta, \varphi \rangle$$

$$\Theta' = \delta$$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

\mathcal{D} hladké fce \rightarrow kontinuální $\rightarrow \mathcal{D}'$ neomezená distribuce

\mathcal{E} hladké fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{E}'$ distrib \rightarrow kontinuální

\mathcal{S} rychle zles. fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{S}'$ temperovaná distr.

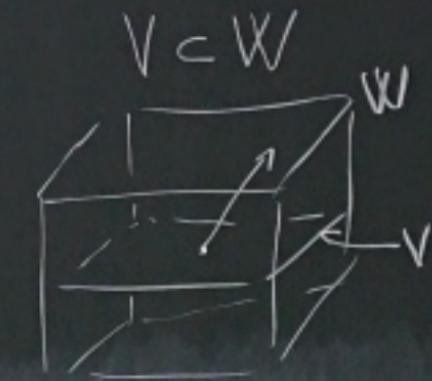
\mathcal{L}^2 kvadr. integro. fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{2'} = \mathcal{L}^2$

huska

$$\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{S}$$



$$\mathcal{S}' \subset \mathcal{D}'$$



$$V^* \subset W^*$$

\mathcal{D}' rozděl test fce
- hladké fce s komp. nosičem
 $\varphi_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \varphi$

\exists komp. K $\forall n \text{ supp } \varphi_n \subset K$

$$\varphi_n^{(k)} \xrightarrow{K} \varphi^{(k)}$$

\mathcal{D}' rozděl distribuční
 $\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}'$

\mathcal{D} hladké fce s konc. místy $\rightarrow \mathcal{D}'$ neomezené distribuce

\mathcal{E} hladké fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{E}'$ distrib s konc. místy

\mathcal{G} rychle zles. fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{G}'$ temperované distro

\mathcal{L}^2 kvadr. integ. fce $\rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{2'} = \mathcal{L}^2$

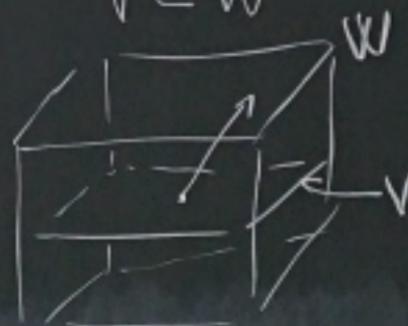
huska

$$\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{G}$$



$$\mathcal{G}' \subset \mathcal{D}'$$

$$V \subset W$$



$$V^* \subset W^*$$

Derivace distribucií

$$\langle f T, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, f \varphi \rangle$$

$$\langle T', \varphi \rangle = -\langle T, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$\langle T^{[2]}, \varphi \rangle = (-1)^2 \langle T, \varphi^{[2]} \rangle$$

$$\Theta = \sum \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$f = \begin{cases} f_- & x < 0 \\ f_+ & x > 0 \end{cases} \quad [f] = f_+(0) - f_-(0)$$

$$f^{(1)} = \begin{cases} f'_- & x < 0 \\ f'_+ & x > 0 \end{cases} \quad \boxed{f' = f^{(1)} + [f]\delta}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle f', \varphi \rangle &= -\langle f, \varphi' \rangle = - \int_{\mathbb{R}} f(x) \varphi'(x) dx = - \int_{-\infty}^0 f_-(x) \varphi'(x) dx - \int_0^\infty f_+(x) \varphi'(x) dx \\ &= \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^0 (f_- \varphi)' dx}_{=0} + \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^0 f_- \varphi' dx}_{=\int_{-\infty}^0 f'_- \varphi dx} - \underbrace{\int_0^\infty (f_+ \varphi)' dx}_{=0} + \underbrace{\int_0^\infty f_+ \varphi' dx}_{=\int_0^\infty f'_+ \varphi dx} \\ &= \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle - [f_- \varphi]_{-\infty}^0 - [f_+ \varphi]_0^\infty = \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle + (-f_-(0) + f_+(0)) \varphi(0) \\ &= \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle + [f] \langle \delta, \varphi \rangle = \langle f^{(1)} + [f]\delta, \varphi \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$f' = f^{(1)} + [f]\delta$$

$$f'' = f^{(2)} + [f^{(1)}]\delta + [f]\delta'$$

$$\vdots$$

$$f^{[k]} = f^{(k)} + [f^{(k-1)}]\delta + [f^{(k-2)}]\delta' + \dots + [f]\delta^{[k]}$$

$$\langle \delta', \varphi \rangle = -\langle \delta, \varphi' \rangle = -\varphi'(0)$$

$$\langle \delta'', \varphi \rangle = -\langle \delta', \varphi' \rangle = \langle \delta, \varphi'' \rangle = \varphi''(0)$$

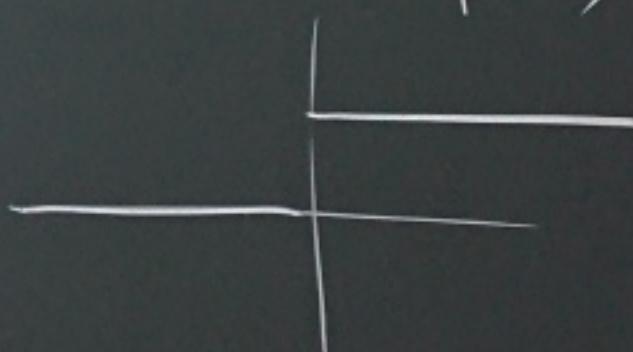
$$|x|' = \text{sign } x \quad |x|'' = D + 2\delta$$

Derivace distribucií

$$\langle fT, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, f\varphi \rangle$$

$$\langle T^1, \varphi \rangle = -\langle T, \varphi' \rangle$$

$$\langle T^{[2]}, \varphi \rangle = (-1)^2 \langle T, \varphi^{[2]} \rangle$$

$$\Theta^1 = \mathcal{S}$$


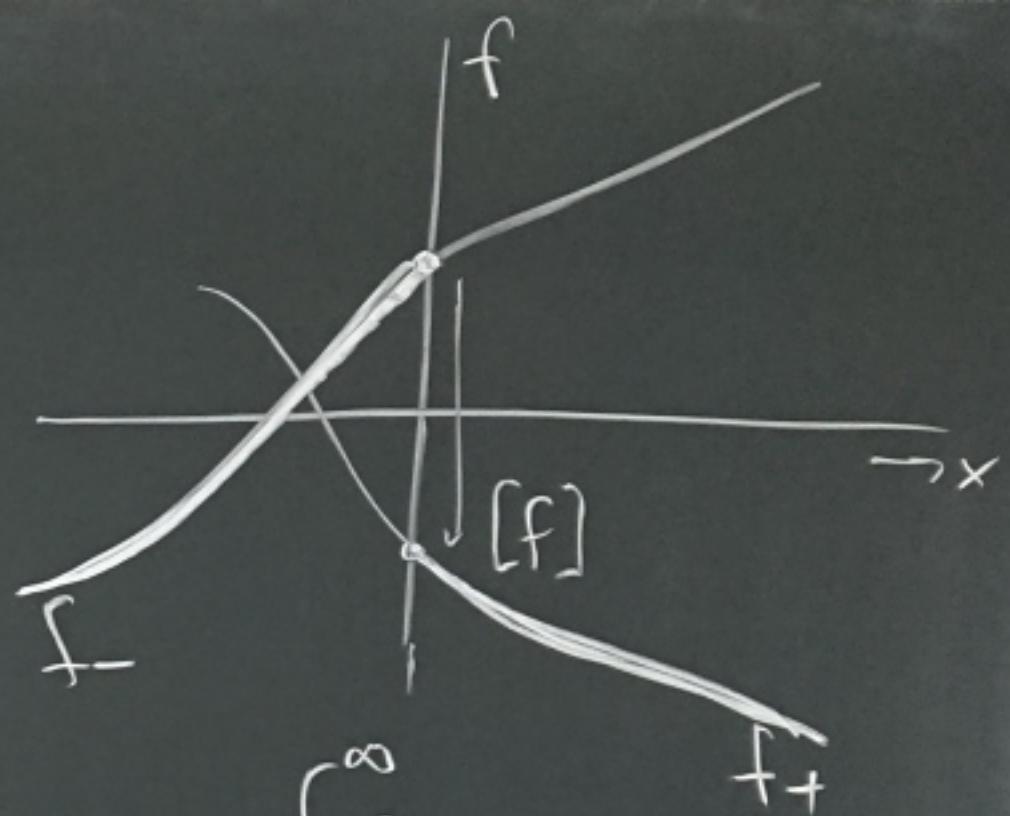
$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \left\langle \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx \right\rangle$$

$$f = \begin{cases} f_- & x < 0 \\ f_+ & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$[f] = f_+(0) - f_-(0)$$

$$f^{(1)} = \begin{cases} f'_- & x < 0 \\ f'_+ & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{f' = f^{(1)} + [f] \delta}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \langle f', \varphi \rangle &= -\langle f, \varphi' \rangle = - \int_{-\infty}^0 f(x) \varphi'(x) dx = - \int_{-\infty}^0 f_-(x) \varphi'(x) dx - \int_0^\infty f_+(x) \varphi'(x) dx \\ &= - \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^0 (f_- \varphi)' dx}_{\int_{-\infty}^0 f'_- \varphi dx} + \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^0 f'_- \varphi dx}_{\int_{-\infty}^0 f_- \varphi' dx} - \underbrace{\int_0^\infty (f_+ \varphi)' dx}_{\int_0^\infty f'_+ \varphi dx} + \underbrace{\int_0^\infty f'_+ \varphi dx}_{\int_0^\infty f_+ \varphi' dx} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle - \left[f_- \varphi \right]_{-\infty}^0 - \left[f_+ \varphi \right]_0^\infty = \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle + (-f_-(0) + f_+(0)) \varphi(0)$$

$$= \langle f^{(1)}, \varphi \rangle + [f] \langle \delta, \varphi \rangle = \langle f^{(1)} + [f] \delta, \varphi \rangle$$

$$f^1 = f^{(1)} + [f] \delta$$

$$f'' = f^{(1)} + [f^{(1)}] \delta + [f] \delta'$$

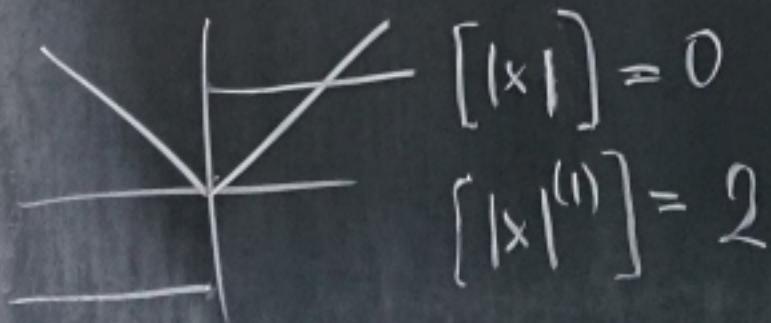
$$\vdots$$

$$f^{[k]} = f^{(k)} + [f^{(k-1)}] \delta + [f^{(k-2)}] \delta' + \dots + [f] \delta^{[k-1]}$$

$$\langle \delta^1, \varphi \rangle = -\langle \delta, \varphi^1 \rangle = -\varphi^1(0)$$

$$\langle \delta'', \varphi \rangle = -\langle \delta^1, \varphi^1 \rangle = \langle \delta, \varphi'' \rangle = \varphi''(0)$$

$$|\times|' = \text{sign} \times \quad |\times|'' = 0 + 2\delta$$



Substítuice v distribuci

$$y = y(x)$$

$$x = x(y)$$

$$x = x(y_1(x))$$

$$\begin{matrix} f(x) & f(y(x)) & f \circ y \\ T & T \circ y & \end{matrix}$$

$$\delta_{x_0}(x) = \delta(x - x_0)$$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$\delta_{(x)} \rightarrow (\delta \circ y)_{(x)}$$

$$\langle T \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(y(x)) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= y(x) \\ x &= x(y) \quad dx = \frac{dx}{dy} dy \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \delta \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \langle \delta, \frac{\varphi}{|\frac{dy}{dx}|} \circ x \rangle$$

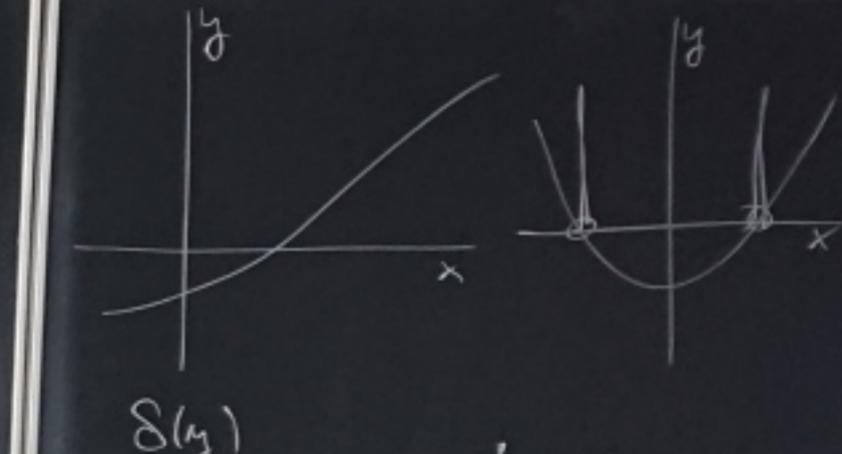
$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(y) \varphi(x(y)) \left| \frac{dx}{dy}(y) \right| dy$$

$$= \frac{\varphi}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx} \right|}(x_0) \Bigg| \begin{array}{l} \delta(y(x)) \\ x_0 = x(0) \end{array}$$

$$= \langle T, \varphi \circ \frac{dx}{dy} \rangle = \langle T, \frac{\varphi}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx} \right|} \circ x \rangle = \frac{\varphi(x_0)}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \Bigg| \begin{array}{l} \varphi(x_0) \\ y(x_0) = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\langle T \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, \frac{\varphi}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx} \right|} \circ x \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}, \varphi \right\rangle$$

$$\delta \circ y = \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0} \quad \delta(y(x)) = \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}(x)$$



$$\delta(y)$$

$$\delta(y(x)) = \sum_{x_0 \in \text{dom } y} \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}(x)$$

$$x_0 \in \text{dom } y \quad y(x_0) = 0 \quad a > 0$$

$$y(x) = x^2 - a^2 \quad x_0 = a \quad x_0 = -a$$

$$\delta(x^2 - a^2) = \frac{1}{2a} \delta(x-a) + \frac{1}{2a} \delta(x+a)$$

Substítuice v distribuci

$$y = y(x)$$

$$x = x(y)$$

$$x = x(y(x))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} f(x) & f(y(x)) & f \circ y \\ T & T \circ y & \end{array}$$

$$\langle T, \varphi \rangle = \int T(x) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$\langle T \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(y(x)) \varphi(x) dx$$

$$y = y(x)$$

$$x = x(y) \quad dx = \frac{dx}{dy} dy$$

$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}} T(y) \varphi(x(y)) \left| \frac{dx}{dy}(y) \right| dy$$

$$= \langle T, \varphi \circ x \frac{dx}{dy} \rangle = \langle T, \varphi \Big| \frac{dx}{dy} \circ x \rangle$$

$$\langle T \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, \varphi \Big| \frac{dx}{dy} \circ x \rangle$$

$$\delta(x) \rightarrow (\delta \circ y)(x)$$

$$\langle \delta \circ y, \varphi \rangle = \langle \delta, \frac{\varphi}{|\frac{dy}{dx}|} \circ x \rangle$$

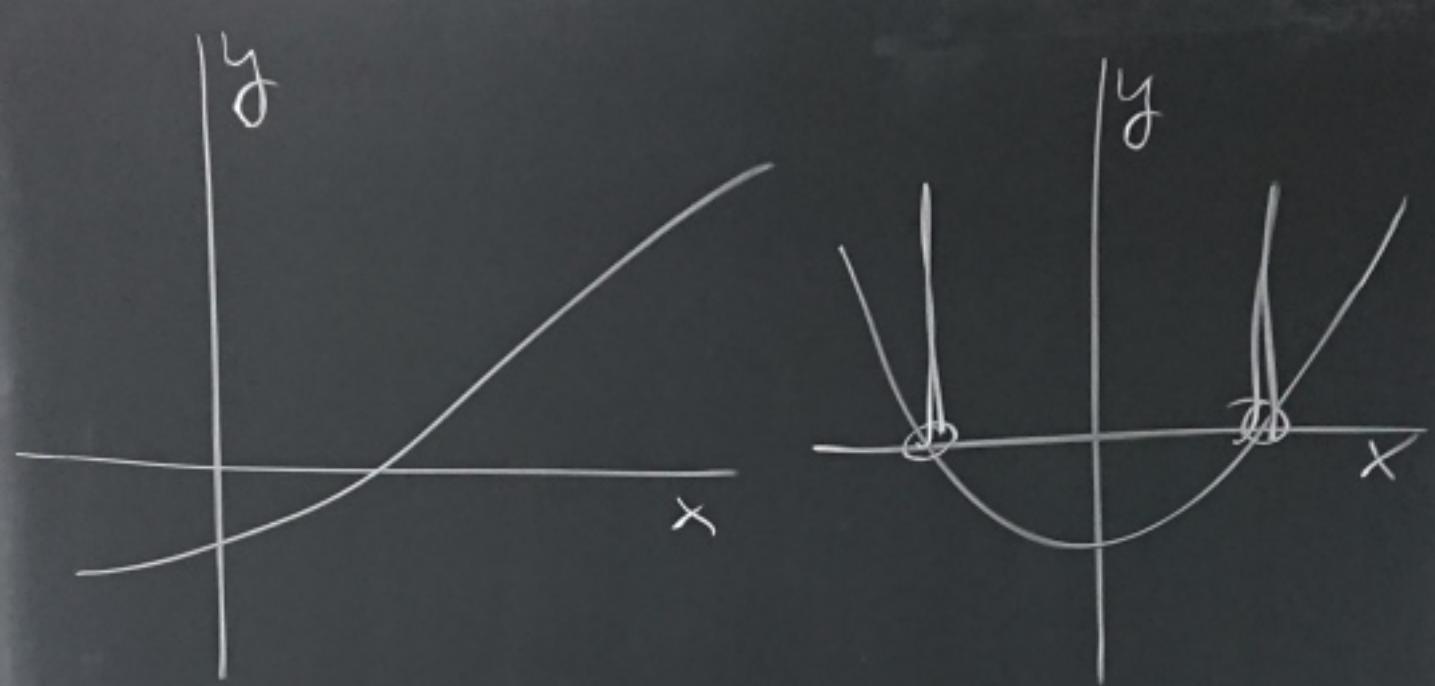
$$= \frac{\varphi}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx} \right|} (x(0)) \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \delta(y(x)) \\ \\ x_0 = x(0) \end{array} \right.$$

$$= \frac{\varphi(x_0)}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ y(x_0) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}, \varphi \right\rangle$$

$$\delta \circ y = \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}$$

$$\delta(y(x)) = \frac{1}{\left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right|} \delta_{x_0}(x)$$



$$\delta(y)$$

$$\delta(y(x)) = \sum_{x_0} \left| \frac{dy}{dx}(x_0) \right| \delta_{x_0}(x)$$

x_0 为某点
 $y(x_0) = 0$

$$y(x) = x^2 - a^2 \quad x_0 = a \quad x_0 = -a$$

$$\delta(x^2 - a^2) = \frac{1}{2a} \delta(x-a) + \frac{1}{2a} \delta(x+a)$$

$$\delta_{x_0}(x) = \delta(x-x_0)$$