Spectral Method for Wave Equation using Differential Matrix

In[•]:= Clear ["Global` * "]

Variable coefficient wave equation (Trefethen's example p6.m)

Solve numerically the differential equation

$$\frac{\partial u(x,t)}{\partial t} = c(x)\frac{\partial u(x,t)}{\partial x}, \qquad c(x) = \frac{1}{5} + \sin^2(x-1) \tag{1}$$

for $x \in [0,2 \pi]$, t > 0 with the following initial condition

$$u(x,0) = e^{-100(x-1)^2}$$
 (2)

and periodic boundary conditions

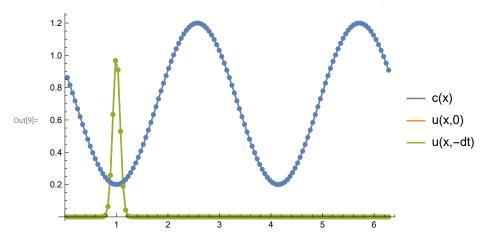
$$u(0,t) = u(2\pi,t)$$
 (3)

Note that the initial function is not periodic but it is so close to zero at the ends of the interval that it can be regarded as periodic in practice.

```
ln[1]:= (* Grid, variable coefficient, and initial data *)
     n = 128;
     h = 2.0 * Pi / n;
     x = Table[h * i, {i, 1, n}];
     t = 0;
     dt = h / 40
     c = 0.2 + Sin[x - 1]^2;
     v = Exp[-100 * (x - 1)^2];
     (* For the leap-frog method below, we need another initial function for time -dt *)
     vold = Exp[-100 * (x - 0.2 * dt - 1)^2]; (* c(x) at x = 1 is close to -1/5 *)
     ListPlot[{Transpose[{x, c}], Transpose[{x, v}], Transpose[{x, vold}]},
      PlotStyle → {PointSize[0.015]}, Joined → True, Mesh → All,
      PlotLegends \rightarrow \{ "c(x)", "u(x,0)", "u(x,-dt)" \} ]
```

Out[5]= **0.00122718463031**

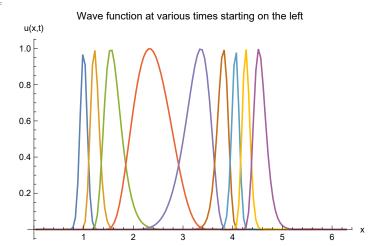
- ... General: Exp[-719.073126994] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ... General: Exp[-745.640177895] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ... General: Exp[-772.689143073] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ••• General: Further output of General::munfl will be suppressed during this calculation.
- General: Exp[−718.941502549] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ... General: Exp[-745.506143879] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ... General: Exp[-772.552699486] is too small to represent as a normalized machine number; precision may be lost.
- ••• General: Further output of General::munfl will be suppressed during this calculation.



```
(* Setting times for plotting and time step accordingly *)
      tmax = 8;
      tplot = 0.1;
      plotgap = Round[tplot / dt];
      dt = tplot / plotgap;
       nplots = Round[tmax / tplot];
      data = Join[{v}, Table[ConstantArray[0, n], {nplots}]];
      tdata = {t};
 In[22]:= (* Determine the differentiation matrix *)
      getSpectralMatrix[n_, h_] := Module[{v},
          If[Mod[n, 2] = 0,
           v = Flatten[{0, Table [0.5 * (-1) ^i * Cot[i * h / 2], {i, 1, n - 1}]}],
            (* even number of points *)
           v = Flatten[{0, Table[0.5 * (-1) ^i * Csc[i * h / 2], {i, 1, n - 1}]}]
            (* odd number of points *)
          ];
          Return[ToeplitzMatrix[v, -v]];
         ];
      DM = getSpectralMatrix[n, h];
 In[24]:= (* Time evolution of the wave *)
      Timing[For[i = 1, i \le nplots, i++,
          For [j = 1, j \le plotgap, j++, t = t+dt;
            (* Time-stepping by the leap-frog formula *)
           vnew = vold - 2.0 * dt * c * DM.v;
           vold = v;
           v = vnew;
          ];
          data[[i + 1]] = v;
          AppendTo[tdata, t];
         ];
      1
Out[24]=
       {0.0625, Null}
```

 $\label{localization} $$ \inf[25]:=$$ $ \text{ListPlot}[Table[Transpose[\{x, data[it, All]\}\}], \{it, 1, 81, 10\}], $$ $$ PlotRange $\to All, Joined $\to True, AxesLabel $\to \{"x", "u(x,t)"\}, $$ $$ PlotLabel $\to "Wave function at various times starting on the left"] $$$

Out[25]=



In[26]:= ListPlot3D[Flatten[

 $Table[\{x[j], tdata[i], Abs[data[i, j]]\}, \{i, 1, Length[tdata]\}, \{j, 1, Length[x]\}], 1], \\$ $PlotRange \rightarrow \{\{\texttt{0, 2} \times \texttt{Pi}\}, \, \{\texttt{0, tmax}\}, \, \{-\texttt{1, 5}\}\}, \, \texttt{AxesLabel} \rightarrow \{\texttt{"x", "t", "u"}\}, \, \texttt{Mesh} \rightarrow \{\texttt{nplots}\}]$

Out[26]=

