

$$\langle \hat{A}^\dagger \phi | \psi \rangle = \langle \phi | \hat{A} \psi \rangle$$

$$|f\rangle = \hat{A}^\dagger \phi$$

$$\langle f | \psi \rangle$$

$$\langle \phi | \hat{A} \psi \rangle$$

$V = L^2$

$$\hat{A} \int f(x) \psi(x) dx$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} f(x)$$

$$\hat{A}^\dagger$$

$$\langle (\hat{A}^\dagger \phi) | \psi \rangle$$

$$\langle \phi | \hat{A} \psi \rangle$$

$$B = A^\dagger \quad \dots \quad B^\dagger$$

$$\langle A^\dagger \phi | \psi \rangle = \langle \phi | \hat{A} \psi \rangle \quad |^*$$

$$\langle \psi | A^\dagger \phi \rangle = \langle A \psi | \phi \rangle \quad \psi \leftrightarrow \phi$$

$$\langle A \phi | \psi \rangle = \langle \phi | A^\dagger \psi \rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{A}, \hat{B}} \quad \hat{A}^+ \hat{B} = 0 \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right) \quad \Sigma$$

$$(\hat{A}, \hat{B}) = \text{Tr}(\hat{A}^+ \hat{B})$$

$$\bullet (\hat{B}, \hat{A}) = \text{Tr}(\hat{B}^+ \hat{A}) = \text{Tr}(A B^+) = \text{Tr}(B A^+)$$

$$\text{Tr}(A^+) = \text{Tr}(A)^*$$

$$(\text{Tr}(A B^+))^* = \text{Tr}(B A^+)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(A^+ B)$$

$$\bullet (\hat{A}, c_1 \hat{B}_1 + c_2 \hat{B}_2)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(A^+ (c_1 B_1 + c_2 B_2)) = \text{Tr}(c_1 A^+ B_1 + c_2 A^+ B_2)$$

$$= \text{Tr}(c_1 A^+ B_1) + \text{Tr}(c_2 A^+ B_2) = c_1 \text{Tr}(A^+ B_1) + c_2 \text{Tr}(A^+ B_2)$$

$$\bullet (\hat{A}, \hat{A}) \geq 0 \quad (\hat{A}, \hat{A}) = \text{Tr}(A^+ A)$$

$$\text{Tr} C \equiv \sum_i c_{ii} \quad C = A^+ A$$

$$c_{ij} = \sum_k (A^+ |_{ik} A_{kj}) = \sum_k \underbrace{A_{ki}^*}_{A_{ki}^*} A_{kj} \quad i=j$$

$$(\hat{A}, \hat{A}) \equiv \text{Tr} C = \sum_i \sum_k A_{ki}^* A_{ki} \equiv \sum_{ik} |A_{ki}|^2 \geq 0$$

Matrice 2x2 ... LVP

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Pauliho matrice

$$\hat{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

~~$\hat{\sigma}_0$~~

$$\hat{\sigma}_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\hat{\sigma}_x$

$$\hat{\sigma}_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\hat{\sigma}_y$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\hat{\sigma}_z$

$$(\hat{\sigma}_i, \hat{\sigma}_j) \equiv \text{Tr} \{ \hat{\sigma}_i \hat{\sigma}_j \} =$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (\hat{\sigma}_i, \hat{\sigma}_i) &= \text{Tr} \{ \hat{\sigma}_i^2 \} \\ &= \text{Tr} \{ \hat{I} \} = 2 \end{aligned} \right\} \hat{\sigma}_i^2 = 1$$

$$(\hat{\sigma}_i, \hat{\sigma}_j) = \text{Tr} \{ \hat{\sigma}_i \} = 0$$

$$(\hat{\sigma}_i, \hat{\sigma}_j) = 2 \delta_{ij}$$