

QMI - Cvičení 4

q-tečky

ULOHA 1
 $|1\rangle \langle 0|$

$$R = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} |m+1\rangle \langle m|$$

$$\hat{R} |m\rangle = \sum_n |m+1\rangle \langle n|m\rangle$$

$$\hat{R} |m\rangle = |m+1\rangle$$

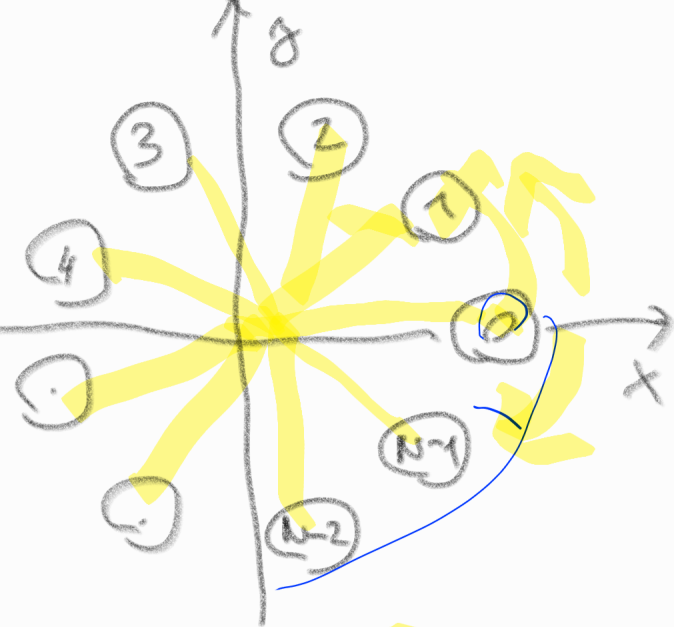
$$\hat{R}(\hat{R} |m\rangle) = \hat{R} |m+1\rangle = |m+2\rangle$$

$$\hat{R}^k |m\rangle = |m+k\rangle \quad \begin{matrix} k > 0 \\ k < 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$(\hat{R}^{-1} \hat{R}) |m\rangle = |m\rangle$$

$$\hat{R}^{-1} |m+1\rangle = |m\rangle \quad \forall m \quad m = m-1$$

$$\hat{R}^{-1} |m\rangle = |m-1\rangle$$



$$R \cdot R = I$$

$$|m\rangle = |N+m\rangle$$

• R je unitární? $R^\dagger = \sum_m |m\rangle \langle m+1|$

$$R^\dagger R = R R^\dagger = I = \sum_m |m\rangle \langle m| \quad I |m\rangle = |m\rangle$$

$$\sum_m |m\rangle \langle m+1| \sum_n |m+1\rangle \langle n| = \sum_{mn} |m\rangle \langle m+1| \langle m+1| \langle n|$$

$$= \sum_{mn} |m\rangle \langle n| \delta_{m+1, m+1} \delta_{m+1, n} = \sum_n |m\rangle \langle m| = I$$

$$[R, R^\dagger] = I - I = 0$$

$$\hat{R} |\psi\rangle = \lambda |\psi\rangle$$

(vlastní č. a v)

$$|\psi\rangle = \sum_n e^{i k n} |n\rangle$$

$$\lambda = e^{\frac{i\pi(L+1)}{N}}$$

L

$$\lambda^N = 1^N$$



$$\hat{R} | \psi \rangle = \sum_m | m+1 \rangle \langle m | \sum_n e^{i k_n} | n \rangle \quad n=0, \dots, N-1$$

$$= \sum_{m,n} e^{i k_n} | m+1 \rangle \langle m | n \rangle = \sum_m e^{i k_m} | m+1 \rangle$$

$$= \sum_{m'} e^{i k(m'-1)} | m' \rangle = e^{-i k} \sum_m e^{i k m} | m \rangle$$

$$\hat{R} | \psi \rangle = e^{-i k} | \psi \rangle \quad \lambda = e^{-i k}$$

$\psi_0 = \psi_N \quad e^{i k N} = e^{i k 0} = 1$

$$| \psi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i k \cdot 0} \\ e^{i k \cdot 1} \\ e^{i k \cdot 2} \\ \vdots \\ e^{i k \cdot (N-1)} \end{pmatrix} \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} e^{i k n} \\ e^{i k n + \frac{2\pi \cdot N \cdot i}{2\pi i}} \end{array} \right] \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} \lambda^N = 1 \\ k = \frac{2\pi l}{N} \\ l = 0, 1, \dots, N-1 \end{array} \right]$$

$R \rightarrow R+N$

Záver: $\text{ob. } \psi | \psi_l \rangle = N \sum_m e^{i k_l m} | m \rangle$

$\text{ob. c. } \dots \lambda = e^{-i k_l} \quad l = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$

$$\langle \psi_l | \psi_l \rangle = \delta_{ll}$$

$$\| \psi_l \|^2 = \langle \psi_l | \psi_l \rangle = |N|^2 \sum_m \sum_m e^{-i k_l m} e^{i k_l m} \langle m | m \rangle$$

$$= |N|^2 \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} 1 = N \cdot |N|^2 = N^3$$

Záver: $|\psi_l\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_m e^{i k_l m} | m \rangle$

$\lambda = e^{-i k_l}$

OPERATORS $\hat{A} = \frac{R + R^\dagger}{2} \quad \hat{B} = \frac{R - R^\dagger}{2i} \quad [R, R^\dagger] = 0$

$R = \hat{A} + i \hat{B}$ obč. $A \dots R \text{ a } B$

ořc. B ... In λ_e

$$\rightarrow \lambda_e = \frac{e^{ik_e} + e^{-ik_e}}{2} = \cos ik_e \sim i \sin ik_e$$

$$R |\psi_e\rangle = \lambda |\psi_e\rangle$$

$$\langle \psi_e | R^\dagger = \lambda^* \langle \psi_e |$$

$$\hat{A} |\psi_e\rangle = \left(\frac{\lambda + \lambda^*}{2} \right) |\psi_e\rangle$$

\hat{A}
 $\text{Re } \lambda$

$$\hat{B} |\psi_e\rangle = \lambda^* |\psi_e\rangle$$

$$\left(\sum_n |n+1\rangle \langle n| \right)^\dagger$$
$$= \sum_n |n\rangle \langle n+1|$$

$$= \sum_n |n-1\rangle \langle n|$$

$$\hat{B} |\psi_e\rangle = \frac{\lambda - \lambda^*}{2i} |\psi_e\rangle$$
